SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Essigsäure 99,5/100% / Chloroform reinst 3 : 2 volumetrisch gemischt

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemicals
Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH ACD		
Street:	Stempelstraße 6		
Place:	D-47167 Duisburg		
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax:	0203/5194-290
E-mail:	info@analytichem.de		
Contact person:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone:	0203/5194-107/117
E-mail:	produktsicherheit@analytichem.de		
Internet:	www.analytichem.de		
Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit		

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see section 3.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute Tox. 3; H331
Acute Tox. 4; H302
Skin Corr. 1B; H314
Eye Dam. 1; H318
Muta. 2; H341
Carc. 2; H351
Repr. 2; H361d
STOT SE 3; H336
STOT RE 1; H372

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

acetic acid
trichloromethane

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs (kidneys, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

For use in industrial installations only.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
64-19-7	acetic acid			50 - < 55 %
	200-580-7	607-002-00-6	01-2119475328-30	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Corr. 1A; H226 H314			
67-66-3	trichloromethane			45 - < 50 %
	200-663-8	602-006-00-4	01-2119486657-20	
	Carc. 2, Muta. 2, Repr. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 1; H351 H341 H361d H331 H302 H315 H319 H336 H372			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
64-19-7	200-580-7	acetic acid	50 - < 55 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 11,4 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = 3310 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1A; H314: >= 90 - 100 Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - < 90 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 10 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 10 - < 25		
67-66-3	200-663-8	trichloromethane	45 - < 50 %
	inhalation: ATE = 3 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = 908 mg/kg		

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!
Call a physician immediately.

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Protect uninjured eye.

After ingestion

Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

corrosive
Irritant
Cough
Dyspnoea
Respiratory complaints
Dizziness
Anaesthetic state
Agitation
Spasms
Inebriation
Gastrointestinal complaints
Vomiting
Headache
Has degreasing effect on the skin.
Circulatory collapse
Cardiac arrhythmias

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated:
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Phosgene
In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Consult an expert
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Use personal protection equipment.
Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.
In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat or drink. Avoid: aerosol or mist formation Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Further information on handling

Draw up and observe skin protection programme.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
64-19-7	Acetic acid	10	25		TWA (8 h)	
		20	50		STEL (15 min)	
67-66-3	Chloroform	2	9.8		TWA (8 h)	

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
64-19-7	acetic acid			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
67-66-3	trichloromethane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2,5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	333 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	2,5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,94 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	0,18 mg/m³

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
64-19-7	acetic acid	
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		30,58 mg/l
Marine water		0,306 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		11,36 mg/kg
Marine sediment		1,136 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		85 mg/l
Soil		0,47 mg/kg
67-66-3	trichloromethane	
Freshwater		0,146 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,133 mg/l
Marine water		0,015 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		0,45 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,09 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		0,048 mg/l
Soil		0,56 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Wear eye/face protection.

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four

control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact: No data available

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject®
Recommended material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 100 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
Wash hands before breaks and after work.
The choice of body protection depends on the concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. The chemical resistance of protective agents must be clarified with their suppliers.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation
The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	characteristic	
Melting point/freezing point:		No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:		No data available
Flammability:		No data available
Lower explosion limits:		No data available
Upper explosion limits:		No data available
Flash point:		No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:		No data available
Decomposition temperature:		No data available
pH-Value:		No data available
Viscosity / kinematic:		No data available
Water solubility:		No data available

Solubility in other solvents

No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Density:	1,2133 g/cm³
Bulk density:	No data available
Relative vapour density:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

No data available

Sustaining combustion:	No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	No data available
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available

No data available:

Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

Protect against:
Heat

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ammonia (NH3), Amines, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Alkali (lye), Fluorine, Alkali metals Alkaline earth metal, metals, Powdered metals, Methanol, Light metal, Ketone, Oxidising agent, strong

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against:
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Rubber articles
plastics

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated:
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.
Harmful if swallowed.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) 1896 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 6,260 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 1,044 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	acetic acid				
	oral	LD50 3310 mg/kg	Rat	J Ind Hyg Toxicol, Vol 23, PP 78-82 (194	The sodium salt of acetic acid was admin
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 11,4 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1980)	OECD Guideline 403
67-66-3	trichloromethane				
	oral	LD50 908 mg/kg	Rat	Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology 52,	OECD Guideline 401
	inhalation vapour	ATE 3 mg/l			
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE 0,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of causing genetic defects. (trichloromethane)
Suspected of causing cancer. (trichloromethane)
Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (trichloromethane)

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (trichloromethane)

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (trichloromethane)

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. (Pulmonary oedema Pneumonia)

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Further information

corrosive
Irritant
Cough
Dyspnoea
Respiratory complaints
Dizziness
Anaesthetic state
Agitation
Spasms
Inebriation
Gastrointestinal complaints
Vomiting
Headache
Has degreasing effect on the skin.
Circulatory collapse
Cardiac arrhythmias

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	acetic acid						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	> 1000 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2005)	other: SOP E257
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	> 1000 mg/l	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Study report (2005)	ISO 10253
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 1000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1990)	OECD Guideline 202
67-66-3	trichloromethane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	103 - 171 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	Method after: Procedures recommended by
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	13,3 mg/l	72 h	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii	Environmental Science and Pollution Rese	A modified cell multiplication inhibitio
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	152,5 mg/l	48 h	other aquatic mollusc: Crassostrea gigas	Study report (2002)	other: ASTM Method E724-94
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	13 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4), 501-510 (1989)	other: Recommendation of the
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50	840 mg/l ( )	0,5 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Toxicity Assessment: An International Jo	OECD Guideline 209

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-19-7	acetic acid	-0,17
67-66-3	trichloromethane	1,97

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64-19-7	acetic acid	3,16	fish	Environ. Toxicol. Ch
67-66-3	trichloromethane	690	Selenastrum capricornutum	Environmental Scienc

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.
Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.
Do not empty into drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.
Dispose of waste according to "Kreislaufwirtschafts- und Abfallgesetz (KrW-/AbfG)".

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2922
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (acetic acid, trichloromethane)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+6.1
Classification code:	CT1
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	86
Tunnel restriction code:	E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2922
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (acetic acid, trichloromethane)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+6.1
Classification code:	CT1
Special Provisions:	274 802
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2922
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (acetic acid, trichloromethane)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+6.1
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-A, S-B

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2922
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (acetic acid, trichloromethane)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+6.1
Special Provisions:	A3 A803
Limited quantity Passenger:	0.5 L
Passenger LQ:	Y840
Excepted quantity:	E2
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	851
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	1 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	855
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	30 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):
Entry 3, Entry 32, Entry 40

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): H2 ACUTE TOXIC

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 3 - highly hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,7,12.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid
Acute Tox: Acute toxicity
Skin Corr: Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Eye Dam: Eye damage
Eye Irrit: Eye irritation
Muta: Germ cell mutagenicity
Carc: Carcinogenicity
Repr: Reproductive toxicity
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 3; H331	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Muta. 2; H341	Calculation method
Carc. 2; H351	Calculation method
Repr. 2; H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 1; H372	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs (kidneys, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.
The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.
Provide appropriate information, instructions and training to users

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)