SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Statsafe 6000-Lösung 1 % in Testbenzin "White Spirit" 145-200 °C

UFI: 0KEV-A2W0-J00S-XM2P

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemicals
Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH ACD		
Street:	Stempelstraße 6		
Place:	D-47167 Duisburg		
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax:	0203/5194-290
E-mail:	info@analytichem.de		
Contact person:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone:	0203/5194-107/117
E-mail:	produktsicherheit@analytichem.de		
Internet:	www.analytichem.de		
Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit		

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see section 3.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3; H226
Asp. Tox. 1; H304
Carc. 1B; H350
STOT SE 3; H336
STOT RE 1; H372
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)
isopropylbenzene

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Restricted to professional users.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)			95 - < 100 %
	919-446-0		01-2119458049-33	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Carc. 1B, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 1, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H226 H350 H336 H372 H304 H411 EUH066			
1330-20-7	xylene			1 - < 5 %
	215-535-7	601-022-00-9		
	Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2; H226 H332 H312 H315			
142-82-5	heptane			< 1 %
	205-563-8	601-008-00-2	01-2119457603-38	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H225 H315 H336 H304 H400 H410			
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene			< 1 %
	202-704-5	601-024-00-X		
	Flam. Liq. 3, Carc. 1B, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H226 H350 H335 H304 H411			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
	919-446-0	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)	95 - < 100 %
	inhalation: LC50 = > 13,1 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = > 15000 mg/kg		
1330-20-7	215-535-7	xylene	1 - < 5 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 6700 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 1,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = 12126 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 3523 mg/kg		
142-82-5	205-563-8	heptane	< 1 %
	inhalation: LC50 = > 29,29 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg		
98-82-8	202-704-5	isopropylbenzene	< 1 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 3160 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 2700 mg/kg		

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting.
Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids

Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide
Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).
Take action to prevent static discharges.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Consult an expert
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.
Danger of explosion

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed.
Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
The choice of body protection depends on the concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. The chemical resistance of protective agents must be clarified with their suppliers.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.
Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
98-82-8	Isopropyl benzene (cumene)	10	50		TWA (8 h)	
		50	250		STEL (15 min)	
142-82-5	n-Heptane	500	2085		TWA (8 h)	
1330-20-7	Xylene, mixed isomers	50	221		TWA (8 h)	
		100	442		STEL (15 min)	

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	330 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	570 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	21 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	71 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	570 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	12 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	21 mg/kg bw/day
1330-20-7	xylene			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	221 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	442 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	221 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	442 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	212 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	65,3 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	65,3 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	125 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	12,5 mg/kg bw/day
142-82-5	heptane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2085 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	300 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	447 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	149 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	149 mg/kg bw/day
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	100 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	250 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	15,4 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	16,6 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	1,2 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	5 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance
Environmental compartment	Value
1330-20-7	xylene
Freshwater	0,327 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	0,327 mg/l
Marine water	0,327 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	12,46 mg/kg
Marine sediment	12,46 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	6,58 mg/l
Soil	2,31 mg/kg
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene
Freshwater	0,035 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	0,012 mg/l
Marine water	0,004 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	3,22 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,322 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	200 mg/l
Soil	0,624 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Face protection umbrella

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject®
Recommended material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm
Wearing time with permanent contact: > 480 min

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject®
Recommended material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 480 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.
The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Thermal hazards

No data available

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.
Danger of explosion

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	135 °C
Flammability:	No data available
Lower explosion limits:	No data available
Upper explosion limits:	No data available
Flash point:	>30 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
pH-Value:	No data available
Viscosity / kinematic:	No data available
Water solubility:	No data available

Solubility in other solvents

No data available

Dissolution rate:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available
Dispersion stability:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Density (at 20 °C):	0,7847 g/cm³
Relative density:	No data available
Bulk density:	No data available
Relative vapour density:	No data available
Particle characteristics:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	No data available
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available
	No data available
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidising agent

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 5000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 50 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 12,5 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 15000	Rat	Study report (1977)	OECD Guideline 401
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	> 13,1	Rat	Study report (1977)	OECD Guideline 403
1330-20-7	xylene					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3523	Rat	Study report (1986)	EU Method B.1
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	12126	Rabbit	Publication (1962)	Single dermal dose under occlusion follo
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50	6700 mg/l	Rat	Toxicol Appl Pharmacol 33:543-558. (1975	EU Method B.2
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	1,5 mg/l			
142-82-5	heptane					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rabbit	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 402
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	> 29,29	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 403
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2700	Rat	Other company data (1978)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 3160	Rabbit	Other company data (1978)	1 New Zealand albino rabbit

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

May cause cancer. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%); isopropylbenzene)
Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%))

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%))

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Information on likely routes of exposure

No data available

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available

Additional information on tests

No data available

Practical experience

No data available

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

Other information

No data available

Further information

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic (2-25%)						
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	4,1 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	10 - 22	48 h	Daphnia magna	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,13	28 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	REACh Registration Dossier	Tha aquatic toxicity was estimated by a
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,28	21 d	Daphnia magna	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 211
1330-20-7	xylene						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	8,4 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety.	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	4,9 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety.	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 3,4	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 3	other: US EPA 600/4-91-003
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	> 1,3	56 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Appl. Sci. Branch, Eng. Res. Cent. Denve	Fish were exposed in artificial streams
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	1,17	7 d	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 3	other: US EPA 600/4-91-003
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50 mg/l ( )	> 175	0,5 h	Activated sludge	Research Journal WPCF 60(10) 1850-1856 (	OECD Guideline 209
142-82-5	heptane						
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	4,338	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010)	The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	1,5 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1987)	other: As described in: The evaluation o
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	1,284	28 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010)	The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	1 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	SIDS Initial Assessment Report For SIAM	OECD Guideline 211
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	4,7 mg/l	96 h	Cyprinodon variegatus	Ecotoxicol. Environ. Saf. 31, 287-289 (1	EPA OTS 797.1400
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	2,01	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Study report (2010)	EU Method C.3
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	2,14	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (2010)	OECD Guideline 202

	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,38	28 d	D. rerio and P. promelas	European Chemicals Bureau (2001)	Chronic NOEC was calculated by the rappo
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,35	21 d	Daphnia magna	Draft study report (incomplete) (1998)	OECD Guideline 211
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50 mg/l ( )	> 2000	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Study report (2010)	EU Method C.11

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
1330-20-7	xylene	3,2
142-82-5	heptane	4,5
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene	3,55

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
1330-20-7	xylene	> 5,5 - < 12,2	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Appl. Sci. Branch, E
142-82-5	heptane	552	calculated	Other company data (
98-82-8	isopropylbenzene	94,69		Unpublished calculat

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Avoid release to the environment.

Further information

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.
Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.
Do not empty into drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3
Classification code:	F1
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1
Transport category:	3
Hazard No:	30
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3
Classification code:	F1
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3
Special Provisions:	223
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3
Special Provisions:	A3 A324
Limited quantity Passenger:	10 L
Passenger LQ:	Y344
Excepted quantity:	E1
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	355
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	60 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	366
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	220 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	Yes
Danger releasing substance:	heptane

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):
Entry 3, Entry 28, Entry 29, Entry 40

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

Additional information: P5c

National regulatory information

Water hazard class (D): 3 - highly hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,9.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid
Acute Tox: Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox: Aspiration hazard
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Carc: Carcinogenicity
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Aquatic Acute: Acute aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic: Chronic aquatic hazard

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Asp. Tox. 1; H304	Calculation method
Carc. 1B; H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 1; H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 May cause cancer.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

Provide appropriate information, instructions and training to users
The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be

transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.
The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)