SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

ISA solution 1M diisopropylamine + 0.36 M HCl for the determination of sodium

UFI: EXUC-U2F6-M00J-1CYY

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemicals
Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH		
Street:	Stempelstraße 6		
Place:	D-47167 Duisburg		
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax:	0203/5194-290
E-mail:	info@analytichem.de		
Contact person:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone:	0203/5194-107/117
E-mail:	produktsicherheit@analytichem.de		
Internet:	www.analytichem.de		
Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit		

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

inapplicable, this product is a mixture REACH registration number see section 3

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Met. Corr. 1; H290
Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Acute Tox. 4; H332
Skin Corr. 1B; H314
Eye Dam. 1; H318
STOT SE 3; H335

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

diisopropylamine
Hydrochloric acid

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Mixtures in aqueous solution

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)			
108-18-9	diisopropylamine			10 - < 15 %
	203-558-5	612-129-00-5	01-2119485846-20	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B, STOT SE 3; H225 H331 H302 H314 H335			
7647-01-0	Hydrochloric acid			1 - < 5 %
	231-595-7	017-002-01-X	01-2119484862-27	
	Skin Corr. 1B, STOT SE 3; H314 H335			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
108-18-9	203-558-5	diisopropylamine	10 - < 15 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 5,35 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = > 2000 - < 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 420 mg/kg STOT SE 3; H335: >= 5 - 100		
7647-01-0	231-595-7	Hydrochloric acid	1 - < 5 %
	Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - 100 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 10 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 10 - < 25 STOT SE 3; H335: >= 10 - 100		

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

No data available

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.
Do not allow a neutralisation agent to be drunk. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant
corrosive
Dyspnoea
Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Pulmonary oedema
Headache
Spasms
Conjunctival oedema (chemosis).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids
Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated:
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Beware of reignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Corrosive to metals.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Consult an expert
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.
Danger of explosion

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed.
Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints on joint storage

national regulations

Further information on storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed.
Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.
storage temperature < +30°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
108-18-9	Diisopropylamine	5	21		TWA (8 h)	WEL
7647-01-0	Hydrogen chloride (gas and aerosol mists)	1	2		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		5	8		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
108-18-9	diisopropylamine			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	18 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	5 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	18 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,5 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	local	0,22 mg/cm²
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	0,6 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	0,6 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,083 mg/kg bw/day
7647-01-0	Hydrochloric acid			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	8 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	15 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	8 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	15 mg/m³

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
108-18-9	diisopropylamine	
Freshwater		0,5 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,2 mg/l
Marine water		0,05 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		5,1 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,51 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		28,6 mg/l
Soil		0,56 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Face protection umbrella

Hand protection

Suitable examples are gloves of KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, e-mail: vertrieb@kcl.de with the following specification (test according to EN 374):

By long-term hand contact

Trade name/designation KCL 730 Camatril® Velours

Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber) 0,4 mm

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 480 min

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation KCL 730 Camatril® Velours
Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber) 0,4 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 480 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.
Danger of explosion

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	like: Amines	
Odour threshold:	No data available	
Melting point/freezing point:		No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:		>35 °C
Flammability:		No data available
Lower explosion limits:		No data available
Upper explosion limits:		No data available
Flash point:		<21 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:		No data available
Decomposition temperature:		No data available
pH-Value:		12
Viscosity / kinematic:		No data available
Water solubility:		Soluble in: Water

Solubility in other solvents

No data available

Dissolution rate:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available
Dispersion stability:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Density:	0,9861 g/cm³
Relative density:	No data available
Bulk density:	No data available

Relative vapour density:	No data available
Particle characteristics:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustaining combustion:	Sustaining combustion

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	No data available
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available
	No data available
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Protect against:

Air

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidising agent

Acids

peroxides, for example hydrogen peroxide

Aluminium

NO3

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Aluminium

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.
If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).
Pulmonary oedema
Mucous membrane irritation in the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 4,789 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
108-18-9	diisopropylamine				
	oral	LD50 420 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1985)	EPA OPP 81-1
	dermal	LD50 > 2000 - < 5000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1977)	OECD Guideline 402
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 5,35 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1979)	OECD Guideline 403
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE 0,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (diisopropylamine)
Damage to:
kidneys

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Other information

Pulmonary oedema

Further information

Irritant
corrosive
Dyspnoea
Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Pulmonary oedema
Headache
Spasms
Conjunctival oedema (chemosis).

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
108-18-9	diisopropylamine						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 31 mg/l	> 21 - <	96 h	Leuciscus idus	Other company data (1985)	other: German industrial standard test g
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	20 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum sp.	Publication (1980)	other: EPA, National Eutrophication Rese
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	582 mg/l	35 d	Gasterosteus aculeatus	Publication (1989)	OECD Guideline 210
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50 mg/l)	> 100	3 h	Activated sludge	Study report (2010)	OECD Guideline 209
7647-01-0	Hydrochloric acid						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	862 mg/l	96 h	Leuciscus idus		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
108-18-9	diisopropylamine	0,4

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Further information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.
Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.
Do not empty into drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2924
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (diisopropylamine, Hydrochloric acid)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+8
Classification code:	FC
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	338
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2924
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (diisopropylamine, Hydrochloric acid)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+8
Classification code:	FC
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2924
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (diisopropylamine, Hydrochloric acid)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3+8
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-E, S-C

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2924
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (diisopropylamine, Hydrochloric acid)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3

14.4. Packing group:	II	
Hazard label:	3+8	
Special Provisions:	A3	
Limited quantity Passenger:	0.5 L	
Passenger LQ:	Y340	
Excepted quantity:	E2	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:		352
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:		1 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:		363
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:		5 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40

Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 3,9,12.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Met. Corr: Corrosive to metals
Flam. Liq: Flammable liquids
Acute Tox: Acute toxicity
Skin Corr: Skin corrosion
Eye Dam: Eye damage
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Met. Corr. 1; H290	On basis of test data
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4; H332	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material. The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)