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Perchloric acid 0.05 mol/l - 0.05 N solution in anhydrous acetic acid Reag. Ph. Eur., chapter 4.2.2						
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SECTION 1: Identification of the s	ubstance/mixture and of the comp	pany/undertaking				
<u>1.1. Product identifier</u> Perchloric acid 0.05 mol/l - 0.05	N solution in anhydrous acetic acid Re	ag. Ph. Eur., chapter 4.2.2				
UFI:	P7C7-C2FA-900C-TXW0					
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the su	ubstance or mixture and uses advised	against				
Use of the substance/mixture Laboratory chemicals Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)						
Uses advised against						
Do not use for private purposes	(household).					
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safe						
Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH					
Street: Place:	Stempelstraße 6 D-47167 Duisburg					
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax: 0203/5194-290				
e-mail:	info@analytichem.de	Telelax. 0203/3194-290				
Contact person: e-mail: Internet: Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit produktsicherheit@analytichem.de www.analytichem.de Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone: 0203/5194-107/117				
1.4. Emergency telephone number:For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)						
Further Information inapplicable, this product is a m	ixture REACH registration number see	section 3				

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Met. Corr. 1; H290 Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

acetic acid Signal word:

Danger

Pictograms:





R

according to UK REACH Regulation

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Hazard statements		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Precautionary statemen	Its	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.	
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.	

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name						
	EC No	Index No	REACH No				
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)						
64-19-7	acetic acid						
	200-580-7						
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Corr.	1A; H226 H314	·				
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	< 1 %					
	203-564-8						
	Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B, STOT SE 3; H226 H330 H302 H314 H335						

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity				
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE						
64-19-7	200-580-7 acetic acid						
	inhalation: LC50 = 11,4 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = 3310 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1A; H314: >= 90 - 100 Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - < 90 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 10 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 10 - < 25						
108-24-7	1-7 203-564-8 acetic anhydride						
	inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,05 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = 630 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - 100 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 5 - < 25 Eye Dam. 1; H318: >= 5 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 1 - < 5 STOT SE 3; H335: >= 5 - 100						

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures



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4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Self-protection of the first aider

After inhalation

Provide fresh air. Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Do not allow a neutralisation agent to be drunk. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant corrosive Dyspnoea Gastrointestinal complaints Vomiting Circulatory collapse Corneal opacity. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids Hazardous combustion products In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide Acetic acid - vapour Hydrogen chloride (HCI) Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.



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Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe). Take action to prevent static discharges.

Corrosive to metals.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Remove persons to safety. Emergency procedures Consult an expert Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration. Danger of explosion

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.



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When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a dry place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints on joint storage

national regulations

Further information on storage conditions

storage temperature +15°C - +25°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
64-19-7	Acetic acid	10	25		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		20	50		STEL (15 min)	WEL
108-24-7	Acetic anhydride	0.5	2.5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		2	10		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance					
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value		
64-19-7	acetic acid					
Worker DNEL, long-term inhalation local 25						
Worker DNEL	, acute	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³		
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³		
Consumer DN	IEL, acute	inhalation	local	25 mg/m³		
108-24-7 acetic anhydride						
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	4,2 mg/m³		
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	4,2 mg/m³		
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	12,6 mg/m ³		



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PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmen	tal compartment	Value
64-19-7	acetic acid	
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l
Freshwater	(intermittent releases)	30,58 mg/l
Marine wate	r	0,306 mg/l
Freshwater	sediment	11,36 mg/kg
Marine sedi	ment	1,136 mg/kg
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	85 mg/l
Soil		0,47 mg/kg
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l
Freshwater	(intermittent releases)	30,58 mg/l
Marine wate	r	0,306 mg/l
Freshwater	sediment	11,36 mg/kg
Marine sedi	ment	1,136 mg/kg
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	115 mg/l
Soil		0,47 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles Face protection umbrella

Hand protection

Suitable examples are gloves of KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, e-mail: vertrieb@kcl.de with the following specification (test according to EN 374):

By long-term hand contact Trade name/designation: KCL 897 Butoject® Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber) 0,3 mm Wearing time with permanent contact: > 480 min

By short-term hand contact Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject® Suitable material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 60 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).



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Skin protection

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.

Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

Draw up and observe skin protection programme.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Danger of explosion

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and che		
Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	stinging	
Odour threshold:	No data available	
Melting point/freezing point:		No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and		No data available
boiling range:		
Flammability:		No data available
Lower explosion limits:		No data available
Upper explosion limits:		No data available
Flash point:		40 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:		No data available
Decomposition temperature:		No data available
pH-Value:		No data available
Viscosity / kinematic:		No data available
Water solubility:		No data available
Solubility in other solvents		
No data available		
Dissolution rate:		No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:		No data available
Dispersion stability:		No data available
Vapour pressure:		No data available
Vapour pressure:		No data available
Density:		1,0503 g/cm³
Relative density:		No data available
Bulk density:		No data available
Relative vapour density:		No data available
Particle characteristics:		No data available
9.2. Other information		
Information with regard to physical haz	ard classes	
E contra strata contra contina a		

Explosive properties Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Sustaining combustion: Self-ignition temperature Solid: Gas: No data available No data available



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Oxidizing properties No data available				
Other safety characteristics				
Evaporation rate:	No data available			
Solvent separation test:	No data available			
Solvent content:	No data available			
Solid content:	No data available			
Sublimation point:	No data available			
Softening point:	No data available			
Pour point:	No data available			
	No data available			
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available			
Flow time:	No data available			
Further Information				
Nie dete evellete				

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

In case of warming: Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidising agent peroxides, for example hydrogen peroxide permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate Oxidising agent, strong Metal iron and steel Zinc Alkali (lye) aldehydes Alcohols Nitric acid

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Metal

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity



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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

Symptoms may be delayed.

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Exposure route Dose S		Species	Source	Method			
64-19-7	acetic acid							
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3310	Rat	J Ind Hyg Toxicol, Vol 23, PP 78-82 (194	The sodium salt of acetic acid was admin		
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50	11,4 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1980)	OECD Guideline 403		
108-24-7	acetic anhydride							
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	630	Rat	Study report (1980)	5 animals per gender per group Starved f		
	inhalation vapour	ATE	0,5 mg/l					
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,05 mg/l					

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Other information

Irritant corrosive Dyspnoea Gastrointestinal complaints Vomiting Circulatory collapse Corneal opacity. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Further information

May cause damage to organs.



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(kidneys)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method	
64-19-7	acetic acid							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 1000	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2005)	other: SOP E257	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Study report (2005)	ISO 10253	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1990)	OECD Guideline 202	
108-24-7	acetic anhydride							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 1000	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2005)	other: SOP E257	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Study report (2005)	ISO 10253	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1990)	OECD Guideline 202	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-19-7	acetic acid	-0,17
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	-0,577

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64-19-7	acetic acid	3,16	fish	Environ. Toxicol. Ch
108-24-7	acetic anhydride	3,16	fish	Environ. Toxicol. Ch

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Further information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations



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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2789
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Acetic acid, glacial
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Classification code:	CF1
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	83
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
Inland waterways transport (ADN)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2789
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Acetic acid, glacial
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Classification code:	CF1
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Marine transport (IMDG)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2789
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Acetic acid, glacial
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Special Provisions:	-
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-E, S-C
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)	
<u>14.1. UN number or ID number:</u>	UN 2789
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Acetic acid, glacial
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Limited quantity Passenger:	0.5 L
Passenger LQ:	Y840
Excepted quantity:	E2



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IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: IATA-max. quantity - Passenger: IATA-packing instructions - Cargo: IATA-max. quantity - Cargo: 14.5. Environmental hazards	851 1 L 855 30 L			
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	No			
SECTION 15: Regulatory information				
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
EU regulatory information Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII): Entry 3, Entry 40 Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS			
National regulatory information				
Employment restrictions: Water hazard class (D):	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). 1 - slightly hazardous to water	to the 'juvenile		

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 9.

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Met. Corr. 1; H290	On basis of test data
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1A; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material. The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.

The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)