SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Solvent mixture for determination of the bromine number above 0.5 g / 100 g following DIN 51774:1975

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemicals
Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH		
Street:	Stempelstraße 6		
Place:	D-47167 Duisburg		
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax:	0203/5194-290
E-mail:	info@analytichem.de		
Contact person:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone:	0203/5194-107/117
E-mail:	produktsicherheit@analytichem.de		
Internet:	www.analytichem.de		
Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit		

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see section 3.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Met. Corr. 1; H290
Flam. Liq. 3; H226
Acute Tox. 4; H302
Acute Tox. 4; H332
Skin Corr. 1B; H314
Eye Dam. 1; H318
Carc. 2; H351
STOT SE 1; H370
STOT RE 2; H373

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard components for labelling

acetic acid
dichloromethane
methanol

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

For use in industrial installations only.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
64-19-7	acetic acid			70 - < 75 %
	200-580-7	607-002-00-6	01-2119475328-30	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Corr. 1A; H226 H314			
75-09-2	dichloromethane			15 - < 20 %
	200-838-9	602-004-00-3	01-2119480404-41	
	Carc. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 2; H351 H315 H319 H335 H336 H373			
67-56-1	methanol			10 - < 15 %
	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	01-2119433307-44	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT SE 1; H225 H331 H311 H301 H370			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
64-19-7	200-580-7	acetic acid	70 - < 75 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 11,4 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = 3310 mg/kg Skin Corr. 1A; H314: >= 90 - 100 Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 25 - < 90 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 10 - < 25 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 10 - < 25		
75-09-2	200-838-9	dichloromethane	15 - < 20 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg		
67-56-1	200-659-6	methanol	10 - < 15 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 128,2 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 0,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: ATE = 300 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 6000 mg/kg STOT SE 1; H370: >= 10 - 100 STOT SE 2; H371: >= 3 - < 10		

Further Information

This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57 above the respective regulatory concentration limit of = 0.1 % (w/w).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!
Call a physician immediately.

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Call a physician immediately.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Protect uninjured eye.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.
Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

corrosive
Irritant
Cough
Dyspnoea
Respiratory complaints
Dizziness

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquids
Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated:
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Phosgene
Sulphur oxides
In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Corrosive to metals.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Use personal protection equipment.
Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.
In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat or drink. Avoid: aerosol or mist formation Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

Further information on handling

Draw up and observe skin protection programme.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Corrosive to metals.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory chemicals

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
64-19-7	Acetic acid	10	25		TWA (8 h)	
		20	50		STEL (15 min)	
67-56-1	Methyl alcohol	200	260		TWA (8 h)	
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	100	353		TWA (8 h)	
		200	706		STEL (15 min)	

Biological limit values

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
75-09-2	Dichloromethane/Methylene chloride	COHb	4 %	Haemoglobin	Measure at end of shift
67-56-1	Methanol	Methanol	15 mg/L	Urine	End of shift

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
64-19-7	acetic acid			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	25 mg/m³
75-09-2	dichloromethane			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	353 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	706 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	12 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	88,3 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	353 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	5,82 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,06 mg/kg bw/day
67-56-1	methanol			
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	260 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	40 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	local	50 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		oral	systemic	8 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmental compartment		Value
64-19-7	acetic acid	
Freshwater		3,058 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		30,58 mg/l
Marine water		0,306 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		11,36 mg/kg
Marine sediment		1,136 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		85 mg/l
Soil		0,47 mg/kg
75-09-2	dichloromethane	
Freshwater		0,31 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,27 mg/l
Marine water		0,031 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		2,57 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,26 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		26 mg/l
Soil		0,33 mg/kg
67-56-1	methanol	
Freshwater		20,8 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		1540 mg/l
Marine water		2,08 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		77 mg/kg
Marine sediment		7,7 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l
Soil		100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

goggles

Wear eye/face protection.

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact: No data available

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation: KCL 890 Vitoject®
Recommended material: FKM (fluoro rubber) 0,7 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 60 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Respiratory protection

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	clear
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	40 °C
Flammability:	No data available
Lower explosion limits:	No data available
Upper explosion limits:	No data available
Flash point:	35 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
pH-Value:	No data available
Viscosity / kinematic:	No data available
Water solubility:	No data available

Solubility in other solvents

No data available

Dissolution rate:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	No data available
Dispersion stability:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Density:	1,06785 g/cm³
Relative density:	No data available
Bulk density:	No data available

Relative vapour density:	No data available
Particle characteristics:	No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustaining combustion:	No data available
Self-ignition temperature	
Solid:	No data available
Gas:	No data available

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	No data available
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available
No data available:	
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

Corrosive to metals.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

In case of warming: Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
Corrosive to metals.

10.2. Chemical stability

Protect against:
Heat

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ammonia (NH3), Amines, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Alkali (lye), Fluorine, Alkali metals Alkaline earth metal, metals, Powdered metals, Methanol, Light metal, Ketone, Oxidising agent, strong

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against:
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Rubber articles
plastics
Metal

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated:
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.
Harmful if inhaled.
If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) 997,3 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 4,987 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	acetic acid					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	3310	Rat	J Ind Hyg Toxicol, Vol 23, PP 78-82 (194	The sodium salt of acetic acid was admin
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50	11,4 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1980)	OECD Guideline 403
75-09-2	dichloromethane					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	Other company data (1988)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	Other company data (1988)	OECD Guideline 402
67-56-1	methanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	6000	Monkey	Amer J Ophthalmol 40: 76-83 (cited in DG	Determination of the acute toxicity of t
	dermal	ATE mg/kg	300			
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	128,2	Rat	Study report (1980)	Study performed according to internal co
	inhalation dust/mist	ATE	0,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of causing cancer. (dichloromethane)
Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs. (methanol)

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (dichloromethane)

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. (Pulmonary oedema Pneumonia)

Information on likely routes of exposure

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information

There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

Further information

corrosive
Irritant
Cough
Dyspnoea
Respiratory complaints
Dizziness

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
64-19-7	acetic acid						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	> 1000 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2005)	other: SOP E257
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	> 1000 mg/l	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	Study report (2005)	ISO 10253
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 1000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1990)	OECD Guideline 202
75-09-2	dichloromethane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	193 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Bull Environ Contam Toxicol 20, 344-352	According to test methods described by t
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	27 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1979)	According EPA publication
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	357 mg/l	8 d	Pimephales promelas	Bull Environ ContamToxicol 39, 869-876 (	other: ASTM E729-80
67-56-1	methanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	15400 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	other: EPA-660/3-75-009, 1975
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	ca. 22000 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 7	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4): 495-499 (1989)	other: DIN 38412 Teil 11
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	446,7 mg/l	28 d	Pimephales promelas	SAR and QSAR in Environmental Research,	Calculation performed with ECOSAR
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	208 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD QSAR Toolbox Report (2013)	Toxicity of the target chemical is predi

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-19-7	acetic acid	-0,17
75-09-2	dichloromethane	1,25
67-56-1	methanol	-0,77

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64-19-7	acetic acid	3,16	fish	Environ. Toxicol. Ch
75-09-2	dichloromethane	> 0,91 - < 7,9		Washington, DC, US E
67-56-1	methanol	1	Cyprinus carpio	Comparative Biochemi

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.
Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.
Do not empty into drains.

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.
Dispose of waste according to "Kreislaufwirtschafts- und Abfallgesetz (KrW-/AbfG)".

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2920
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (acetic acid, methanol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Classification code:	CF1
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	83
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2920
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (acetic acid, methanol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Classification code:	CF1
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2920
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (acetic acid, methanol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Special Provisions:	274
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-E, S-C

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2920
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (acetic acid, methanol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	8+3
Limited quantity Passenger:	0.5 L
Passenger LQ:	Y840
Excepted quantity:	E2
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	851
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	1 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	855
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	30 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 59, Entry 69, Entry 75

Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): H3 STOT SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Additional information: P5c

Marketing and use of explosives precursors (Regulation (EU) 2019/1148):

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 12.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Met. Corr: Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid
Acute Tox: Acute toxicity
Skin Corr: Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Eye Dam: Eye damage
Eye Irrit: Eye irritation
Carc: Carcinogenicity
STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Met. Corr. 1; H290	On basis of test data
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4; H332	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Carc. 2; H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 1; H370	Calculation method
STOT RE 2; H373	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.
The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)