SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Lithium chloride 2 mol/l in undenatured ethanol electrode-electrolyte solution for non-aqueous titra

UFI: 7ENG-V09J-3003-V97Y

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemical
Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Uses advised against

Do not use for private purposes (household).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	AnalytiChem GmbH ACD	
Street:	Stempelstraße 6	
Place:	D-47167 Duisburg	
Telephone:	0203/5194-0	Telefax: 0203/5194-290
E-mail:	info@analytichem.de	
Contact person:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	Telephone: 0203/5194-107/117
E-mail:	produktsicherheit@analytichem.de	
Internet:	www.analytichem.de	
Responsible Department:	Abteilung Produktsicherheit	

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incidents Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

Further Information

This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see section 3.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Eye Irrit. 2; H319

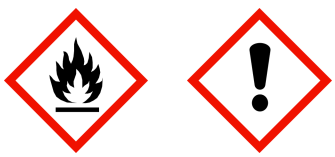
Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
64-17-5	ethanol			90 - < 95 %
	200-578-6	603-002-00-5	01-2119457610-43	
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2; H225 H319			
7447-41-8	lithium chloride			5 - < 10 %
	231-212-3			
	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2; H302 H315 H319			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
64-17-5	200-578-6	ethanol	90 - < 95 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 124,7 mg/l (vapours); oral: LD50 = 10470 mg/kg Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 50 - 100		
7447-41-8	231-212-3	lithium chloride	5 - < 10 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 526 mg/kg		

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

No data available

After inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

After contact with skin

Wash immediately with: Water

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritant
Dizziness
The product causes narcotic-like effects.
Inebriation
Vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray jet, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

no restriction

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid.
Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated:
Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Beware of reignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Remove persons to safety. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.
Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet.
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
This material can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, mechanical/electrical equipment, and electronic devices such as cell phones, computers, calculators, and pagers which have not been certified as intrinsically safe).
Take action to prevent static discharges.

For non-emergency personnel

Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protection equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Remove persons to safety.
Emergency procedures
Consult an expert
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

For emergency responders

Precautionary statements For emergency responders : Personal protection equipment: see section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.
Danger of explosion

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Cover drains.
Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Other information

Provide adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Read label before use. Handle and open container with care.
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Keep container tightly closed.
Use personal protection equipment. Use extractor hood (laboratory).
Do not breathe vapour/aerosol. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat or drink. The choice of body protection depends on the concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. The chemical resistance of protective agents must be clarified with their suppliers.

Further information on handling

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.
Draw up and observe skin protection programme.
Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Oxidising agent. Pyrophoric or self-heating substances.
national regulations

Further information on storage conditions

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Laboratory use Laboratory chemical

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	1000	-		STEL (15 min)	

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
64-17-5	ethanol			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	950 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	343 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	114 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	206 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	87 mg/kg bw/day
7447-41-8	lithium chloride			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	10 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	30 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	73,2 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	10 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	30 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	73,2 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	50 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	7,32 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		oral	systemic	21,96 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance
Environmental compartment	Value
64-17-5	ethanol
Freshwater	0,96 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	2,75 mg/l
Marine water	0,79 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	3,6 mg/kg
Marine sediment	2,9 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning	380 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	580 mg/l
Soil	0,63 mg/kg
7447-41-8	lithium chloride
Freshwater	10,4 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)	10,4 mg/l
Marine water	1,04 mg/l
Freshwater sediment	49,9 mg/kg
Marine sediment	4,99 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	140,2 mg/l
Soil	4,13 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.
If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: goggles.

Hand protection

Protective gloves are recommended Company KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, email: vertrieb@kcl.de With specification (test according to EN374):

By long-term hand contact
Trade name/designation KCL 897 Butoject®
Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber) 0,3 mm
Wearing time with permanent contact: > 480 min

By short-term hand contact
Trade name/designation KCL 720 Camapren®
Suitable material: CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber) 0,65 mm
Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): > 60 min

The breakthrough times stated above were determined by KCL in laboratory tests acc. to EN374 with samples of the recommended glove types. This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet<(>,<)> supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Skin protection

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Environmental exposure controls

The vapour of the product is heavier than air and may accumulate below ground level, in pits, channels and basements in higher concentration.

Danger of explosion

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	like: Ethanol	
Odour threshold:	No data available	
Melting point/freezing point:		No data available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:		No data available
Flammability:		not applicable
Lower explosion limits:		No data available
Upper explosion limits:		No data available
Flash point:		12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:		No data available
Decomposition temperature:		not determined
pH-Value:		5,0
Viscosity / kinematic:		No data available
Solubility in other solvents		
not determined		
Dissolution rate:		No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:		No data available
Dispersion stability:		No data available
Vapour pressure:		No data available
Vapour pressure:		No data available
Density:		0,85 g/cm³
Relative density:		No data available
Bulk density:		No data available
Relative vapour density:		not determined
Particle characteristics:		No data available

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Sustained combustibility:	Sustained combustibility
Self-ignition temperature	
Solid:	not applicable
Gas:	not applicable

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidising.

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:	not determined
Solvent separation test:	No data available
Solvent content:	No data available
Solid content:	not determined
Sublimation point:	No data available
Softening point:	No data available
Pour point:	No data available
No data available:	
Viscosity / dynamic:	No data available
Flow time:	No data available

Further Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable.
Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxidising agent

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Plastic articles
Rubber articles

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products
In case of fire may be liberated:
Carbon dioxide (CO_2) Carbon monoxide
Hydrochloric gas

Further information

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
64-17-5	ethanol				
	oral	LD50 10470 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1976)	OECD Guideline 401
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 124,7 mg/l	Rat	Study report (1980)	OECD Guideline 403
7447-41-8	lithium chloride				
	oral	LD50 526 mg/kg	Rat	Acta Pharmacologica et Toxicologica 47,	Only data from review article available.
	dermal	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 402

Irritation and corrosivity

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Additional information on tests

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Practical experience

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Other information

Irritant
Dizziness
The product causes narcotic-like effects.
Inebriation
Vomiting

Further information

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] | [d]	Species	Source	Method
64-17-5	ethanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	15400 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	Bulletin of Environmental Contamination	other: EPA-660/3-75-009, 1975
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	ca. 22000 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 7	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Water Research 23(4): 495-499 (1989)	other: DIN 38412 Teil 11
	Algae toxicity	NOEC	5400 mg/l	5 d	Skeletonema costatum	Environ Toxicol Chem 8(5):451-455. (1989	Study to determine the sensitivity of a
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	2 mg/l	10 d	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Arch Environ Contam Toxicol 20(2):211-21	Follows the basic methodology for the th
7447-41-8	lithium chloride						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	158 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (1997)	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	> 400 mg/l	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Study report (2010)	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	249 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1997)	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	17,35 mg/l	34 d	Danio rerio	Study report (2012)	OECD Guideline 210
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	1,7 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Study report (2012)	OECD Guideline 211
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50	180,8 mg/l ( )	3 h	activated sludge, domestic	Study report (2004)	EU Method C.11

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-17-5	ethanol	-0,77
7447-41-8	lithium chloride	ca. -0,46

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64-17-5	ethanol	1	Cyprinus carpio	Comparative Biochemi

12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not empty into drains.

Further information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Send to a physico-chemical treatment facility under observation of official regulations.

Contaminated packaging

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.
Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1170
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	144 601
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	33
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1170
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	144 601
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1170
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3

14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
Special Provisions:	144
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1170
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	II
Hazard label:	3
Special Provisions:	A3 A58 A180
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L
Passenger LQ:	Y341
Excepted quantity:	E2
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	353
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	5 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Warning: Combustible liquid.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes:	90,12 % (766,02 g/l)
Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).
Water hazard class (D):	1 - slightly hazardous to water

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 3,9,12,15.

Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid
Acute Tox: Acute toxicity
Skin Irrit: Skin irritation
Eye Irrit: Eye irritation
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route
(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.
The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.
The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.
Provide appropriate information, instructions and training to users

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)